CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A lever-actuator for fiber optic modules, the lever-
- 2 actuator comprising:
- 3 a lever arm;
- a pivoting fastener coupled to one end of the lever arm;
- 5 and
- an actuating tab coupled to the lever arm.
- 1 2. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein
- the lever-actuator rotates to cause a second actuator to
- 3 disengage a fiber optic module from a cage assembly.
- 1 3. The lever-actuator of claim 2 wherein the actuating
- tab rotates with the lever arm to cause the second actuator to
- 3 disengage.
- 1 4. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the actuating
- 2 tab prevents the lever arm from rotating further once it
- 3 reaches a limit point.
- 5. The lever-actuator of claim 1 further comprising:
- a sliding-actuator which slides to disengage a fiber
- optic module from a cage assembly when the lever-actuator is
- 4 rotated.
- 1 6. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the lever-
- 2 actuator permits arranging multiple fiber optic modules in a
- 3 belly-to-belly configuration without obstructing adjacent
- 4 lever-actuators.

- 7. The lever-actuator of claim 6 wherein with the
- belly-to-belly configuration, two lever-actuators are located
- 3 in proximity to each other along a common surface between two
- 4 fiber optic modules.
- 1 8. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the pivoting
- 2 faster includes a pin to rotationally couple the lever-
- actuator to a fiber optic module.
- 1 9. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the pivoting
- 2 faster includes a plurality of pins to rotationally couple the
- 3 lever-actuator to a fiber optic module.
- 1 10. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the pivoting
- faster includes a conical retainer.
- 1 11. The lever-actuator of claim 1 wherein the pivoting
- 2 fastener includes holes to receive one or more pins to couple
- the lever-actuator to a fiber optic module.
- 1 12. The lever-actuator of claim 1 further comprising:
- a pull-arm.
- 1 13. The lever-actuator of claim 12 wherein,
- the pull-arm is a semi-circular ring.
- 1 14. The lever-actuator of claim 12 wherein,
- 2 the pull-arm is a tab.
- 1 15. The lever-actuator of claim 12 wherein,
- the pull-arm is a bail-latch.

- 1 16. A de-latch mechanism for fiber optic modules 2 comprising:
- a lever-arm actuator with a pivot point; and
- a sliding actuator, wherein rotating the lever-arm
- 5 actuator about its pivot point causes the sliding actuator to
- 6 slide and to release a fiber optic module from a cage
- 7 assembly.
- 1 17. The de-latch mechanism of claim 16 wherein the
- 2 lever-arm actuator includes
- an actuating tab coupled to the lever-arm actuator,
- wherein the actuating tab rotates when the lever-arm actuator
- 5 is rotated about its pivot point to cause the second actuator
- 6 to slide and release a fiber optic module from a cage
- 7 assembly.
- 1 18. The de-latch mechanism of claim 17 wherein the
- 2 actuating tab rotates about the same axis as the lever-arm
- actuator when the lever-arm actuator is rotated.
- 1 19. The de-latch mechanism of claim 16 wherein pulling
- 2 the lever-arm actuator causes a fiber optic module to withdraw
- 3 from a cage assembly.
- 1 20. The de-latch mechanism of claim 16 further
- 2 comprising:
- a pivot fastener at the pivot point of the lever-arm
- 4 actuator to rotationally couple the lever-arm actuator to a
- 5 fiber optic module.
- 1 21. The de-latch mechanism of claim 20 wherein the pivot
- 2 fastener includes a pin.

- 1 22. The de-latch mechanism of claim 20 wherein the pivot fastener includes a hole.
- 1 23. The de-latch mechanism of claim 16 wherein the de-
- 2 latch mechanism permits arranging multiple fiber optic modules
- 3 in a belly-to-belly configuration without obstructing adjacent
- 4 de-latch mechanism.
- 1 24. A fiber optic module comprising:
- a nose receptacle including
- a fiber optic cable receptacle to receive one
- or more fiber optic cable plugs,
- a lever-actuator to release the fiber optic
- 6 module from a cage assembly using a rotational
- 7 action;
- a second actuator coupled to the pull-actuator,
- the second actuator to release a keeper from a latch
- to release the fiber optic module in response to a
- rotational action on the lever-actuator;
- 12 and
- a printed circuit board including one or more
- 14 electro-optic transducers to convert optical signals into
- 15 electrical signals or electrical signals into optical signals.
- 1 25. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the fiber optic module is a small form pluggable (SFP)
- 3 fiber optic module and the cage assembly is a small form
- 4 pluggable (SFP) cage assembly.
- 1 26. The fiber optic module of claim 24 further
- 2 comprising:
- a housing to couple to the nose receptacle and cover the
- 4 printed circuit board.

- 1 27. The fiber optic module of claim 26 wherein,
- the housing is shielded to protect the printed circuit
- board from electromagnetic interference.
- 1 28. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes one or more pins to
- 3 rotationally engage the nose receptacle.
- 1 29. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes one or more holes to
- 3 rotationally engage the nose receptacle.
- 1 30. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the second-actuator slides to release the fiber optic
- 3 module from the cage assembly.
- 1 31. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the second-actuator includes
- grooves to slideably couple the second-actuator to the
- 4 nose receptacle.
- 1 32. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the second-actuator includes
- rails to slideably coupled the second-actuator to the
- 4 nose receptacle.
- 1 33. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes
- an orientation indicator to indicate the fiber optic
- 4 module which the lever-actuator releases.
- 1 34. The fiber optic module of claim 24 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes

- a pull-arm.
- 1 35. The lever-actuator of claim 34 wherein,
- the pull-arm is a semi-circular ring.
- 1 36. The lever-actuator of claim 34 wherein,
- the pull-arm is a rectangular ring.
- 1 37. The lever-actuator of claim 34 wherein,
- the pull-arm is a tab.
- 1 38. A fiber optic module comprising:
- a bail-latch to disengage and withdraw the fiber optic
- 3 module from a cage assembly; and
- one or more electro-optic transducers to convert optical
- 5 signals into electrical signals or electrical signals into
- 6 optical signals.
- 1 39. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein
- the fiber optic module is a small form factor pluggable
- 3 (SFP) fiber optic module and the cage assembly is a small form
- 4 factor pluggable (SFP) cage assembly.
- 1 40. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein
- the bail-latch is activated to disengage and withdraw the
- 3 fiber optic module by placing the bail latch in a horizontal
- 4 position and pulling backward on the bail latch.
- 1 41. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein
- the bail latch is coupled to the fiber optic module using
- a pivoting pin.
- 1 42. The fiber optic module of claim 41 wherein
- the bail-latch is activated to disengage and withdraw the

fiber optic module by causing the bail latch to pivot around

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- 4 the pivot pin into a horizontal position and pulling backward
- 5 on the bail latch.
- 1 43. The fiber optic module of claim 38 further
- 2 comprising:
- a slide actuator having a surface butting against a tab
- 4 of the bail-latch at one end and at least one ramp or lifter
- 5 at an opposite end.
- 1 44. The fiber optic module of claim 43 wherein
- the at least one ramp or lifter of the slide actuator
- 3 pushes a latch of a cage assembly to disengage the fiber optic
- 4 module from the cage assembly.

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- 1 45. The fiber optic module of claim 43 further
- 2 comprising:
- a boss.
- 1 46. The fiber optic module of claim 43 wherein
- 2 the slide-actuator further includes
- grooves to slideably engage rails of the fiber optic
- 4 module.
- 1 47. The fiber optic module of claim 43 wherein
- 2 the slide-actuator further includes
- rails to slideably engage grooves of the fiber optic
- 4 module.
- 1 48. The fiber optic module of claim 38 further
- 2 comprising:
- a boss.
- 1 49. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein

- the bail-latch is formed of metal.
- 1 50. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein
- 2 the bail-latch is formed of plastic.
- 1 51. The fiber optic module of claim 38 further
- 2 comprising:
- a pivoting pin to rotationally couple the bail-latch to
- 4 the fiber optic module,
- a sliding actuator having a butt surface at one end and
- 6 at least one ramp at an opposite end, and
- 7 the bail-latch further includes
- a tab to abut against the butt surface of the sliding
- 9 actuator.
- 1 52. The fiber optic module of claim 51 wherein
- the bail-latch is activated to disengage the fiber optic
- 3 module by moving the bail latch into a horizontal position
- 4 causing the tab to press against the butt surface and slide
- 5 the sliding actuator in the fiber optic module.
- 1 53. The fiber optic module of claim 51 wherein
- the bail latch further includes,
- a pair of tabs at opposite sides each including an
- 4 opening to couple to the pivoting pin.
- 1 54. The fiber optic module of claim 38 wherein
- 2 the bail latch further includes,
- a pair of pivot points at opposite sides each
- 4 including a point to couple to the fiber optic module to be
- 5 rotationally coupled thereto.
- 1 55. A fiber optic module comprising:
- means for converting optical signals into electrical

- 3 signals or electrical signals into optical signals; and
- means for disengaging the fiber optic module from a cage
- s assembly by rotating a lever-actuator.
- 1 56. The fiber optic module of claim 55 further
- 2 comprising:
- means for withdrawing the fiber optic module by pulling
- 4 on the lever-actuator.
- 1 57. The fiber optic module of claim 56 wherein the means
- 2 for disengaging also provides a means for withdrawing.
- 1 58. The fiber optic module of claim 55 further
- 2 comprising:
- means for pivotally disengaging the fiber optic module
- 4 from a cage assembly when the lever-actuator is rotated.
- 1 59. The fiber optic module of claim 55 further
- 2 comprising:
- means for coupling the disengaging means to the fiber
- 4 optic module.
- 1 60. The fiber optic module of claim 55 further
- 2 comprising:
- means for indicating the fiber optic module which the
- 4 disengaging means releases.
- 1 61. A method for disengaging and withdrawing a fiber
- optic module from a cage assembly comprising:
- rotating a lever-actuator to disengage the fiber optic
- 4 module from the cage assembly; and
- pulling on the lever-actuator to withdraw the fiber optic
- 6 module from the cage assembly.

- 1 62. The method of claim 61 further comprising:
- releasing the lever-actuator if the fiber optic module
- 3 has been released from the cage assembly.
- 1 63. A configuration of fiber optic modules having one or 2 more electro-optic transducers, the configuration comprising:
- a printed circuit board having a first side and a second side;
- a first cage coupled to the first side of the printed
- 6 circuit board to receive a first fiber optic module having a
- 7 first bail latch delatching mechanism; and
- a second cage coupled to the second side of the printed
- 9 circuit board to receive a second fiber optic module having a
- 10 second bail latch delatching mechanism, the second cage
- aligned in parallel to the first cage such that a first belly
- of the first fiber optic module is adjacent a second belly of
- 13 the second fiber optic module with adequate spacing to allow
- 14 the first bail latch delatching mechanism and the second bail
- 15 latch delatching mechanism to rotate to a disengaged position.
- 1 64. The configuration of claim 63 wherein,
- the first belly of the first fiber optic module being
- adjacent to the second belly of the second fiber optic module
- 4 provides for increased density.
- 1 65. A de-latch mechanism for fiber optic modules
- 2 comprising:
- a lever-arm actuator with a pivot point;
- a spring coupled to the lever-arm actuator around the
- 5 pivot point, the spring to apply a bias force to the lever-arm
- 6 actuator; and
- a sliding actuator, wherein rotating the lever-arm
- 8 actuator about its pivot point causes the sliding actuator to
- 9 slide thereby releasing a fiber optic module from a cage

assembly.

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10 assembly.

- 1 66. The de-latch mechanism of claim 65 wherein the
 2 lever-arm actuator includes
 3 an actuating tab coupled to the lever-arm actuator,
 4 wherein the actuating tab rotates when the lever-arm actuator
 5 is rotated about its pivot point thereby causing the second
 6 actuator to slide and release a fiber optic module from a cage
- 1 67. The de-latch mechanism of claim 66 wherein 2 the actuating tab rotates about the same axis as the 3 lever-arm actuator when the lever-arm actuator is rotated.
- 1 68. The de-latch mechanism of claim 65 wherein
 2 pulling the lever-arm actuator causes a fiber optic
 3 module to withdraw from a cage assembly.
- 1 69. The de-latch mechanism of claim 65 wherein 2 the spring is a biasing spring, a tension spring, a 3 torsion spring, a wind-up spring, or a coil spring to apply 4 the bias force.
 - 70. A fiber optic module comprising:
- a nose receptacle including
- a fiber optic cable receptacle to receive one or more fiber optic cable plugs,
- a lever-actuator to release the fiber optic module from a cage assembly using a rotational action,
- a spring to bias the lever-actuator to an engaged position, and
- a second actuator coupled to the leveractuator, the second actuator to release a keeper

- from a latch to release the fiber optic module in response to a rotational action on the lever-
- 14 actuator;
- 15 and
- a printed circuit board including one or more electro-
- 17 optic transducers to convert optical signals into electrical
- 18 signals or electrical signals into optical signals.
 - 1 71. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
 - the fiber optic module is a small form pluggable (SFP)
 - 3 fiber optic module and the cage assembly is a small form
 - 4 pluggable (SFP) cage assembly.
 - 1 72. The fiber optic module of claim 70 further
 - 2 comprising:
 - a housing to couple to the nose receptacle and cover the
 - 4 printed circuit board.
 - 1 73. The fiber optic module of claim 72 wherein,
- the housing is shielded to protect the printed circuit
- 3 board from electromagnetic interference.
- 74. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes one or more pins to
- 3 rotationally engage the nose receptacle.
- 75. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes one or more holes to
- 3 rotationally engage the nose receptacle.
- 76. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
- the lever-actuator includes one or more pins to
- 3 rotationally engage the nose receptacle.

- 77. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein, the second-actuator slides to release the fiber optic module from the cage assembly.
- 78. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
 the second-actuator includes
 grooves to slideably coupled the second-actuator to
- grooves to slideably coupled the second-actuator to the nose receptacle.
- 79. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein,
 the second-actuator includes
- rails to slideably coupled the second-actuator to the nose receptacle.
- 1 80. The fiber optic module of claim 70 wherein 2 the spring is a biasing spring, a tension spring, a 3 torsion spring, a wind-up spring, or a coil spring to apply 4 the bias force.
- 1 81. A fiber optic module comprising:
- a bail-latch to disengage and withdraw the fiber optic module from a cage assembly;
- a spring to bias the bail-latch into an engaged position;
 and
- one or more electro-optic transducers to convert optical signals into electrical signals or electrical signals into optical signals.
- 1 82. The fiber optic module of claim 81 wherein 2 the fiber optic module is a small form factor pluggable 3 (SFP) fiber optic module and the cage assembly is a small form 4 factor pluggable (SFP) cage assembly.

- 1 83. The fiber optic module of claim 81 wherein 2 the bail-latch is activated to disengage and withdraw the 3 fiber optic module by placing the bail latch in a horizontal 4 position and pulling backward on the bail latch.
- 1 84. The fiber optic module of claim 81 wherein 2 the bail latch is coupled to the fiber optic module using 3 a pivoting pin.
- 1 85. The fiber optic module of claim 84 wherein 2 the bail-latch is activated to disengage and withdraw the 3 fiber optic module by causing the bail latch to pivot around 4 the pivot pin into a horizontal position and pulling backward 5 on the bail latch.
- 1 86. The fiber optic module of claim 81 further
 2 comprising:
 3 a slide actuator having a surface butting against a tab
 4 of the bail-latch and at least one ramp or lifter at an
 5 opposite end.
- 1 87. The fiber optic module of claim 86 wherein 2 the at least one ramp or lifter of the slide actuator 3 pushes a latch of a cage assembly to disengage the fiber optic 4 module from the cage assembly.
- 1 88. The fiber optic module of claim 86 further 2 comprising:
- a boss.
- 1 89. The fiber optic module of claim 81 further comprising:
- a pivoting pin to rotationally couple the bail-latch to

- 4 the fiber optic module,
- a sliding actuator having a butt surface at one end and
- at least one ramp at an opposite end, and
- the bail-latch further includes
- a tab to abut against the butt surface of the sliding
- 9 actuator.
- 1 90. The fiber optic module of claim 89 wherein
- 2 the bail-latch is activated to disengage the fiber optic
- 3 module by moving the bail latch into a horizontal position
- 4 causing the tab to press against the butt surface and slide
- 5 the sliding actuator in the fiber optic module.
- 1 91. The fiber optic module of claim 89 wherein
- the bail latch further includes,
- a pair of tabs at opposite sides each including an
- 4 opening to couple to the pivoting pin.
- 1 92. The fiber optic module of claim 81 wherein
- 2 the bail latch further includes,
- a pair of pivot points at opposite sides each
- 4 including a point to couple to the fiber optic module to be
- 5 rotationally coupled thereto.
- 1 93. The fiber optic module of claim 81 wherein
- 2 the spring is a biasing spring, a tension spring, a
- 3 torsion spring, a wind-up spring, or a coil spring to apply
- 4 the bias force.